

Continue



Gcse grades explained 2024

In 2024 and 2023, 7.1% of students achieved an 8 grade at GCSE. A 7 is equivalent to a low-grade AA grade of 7 is a passing grade for high-attaining students who have performed well. Family day trips can be just as much fun as going on holiday – not to mention much cheaper, too. What GCSE grade is 75%? You can find out more about how to apply here. Another 20 subjects (including modern languages, geography, history, computer science, RS, sciences) followed with 9 to 1 grading in 2018, with most others following in 2020. This could explain the differences between the grades awarded in these subjects. Requirements vary by course, with some specifying minimum grades or particular subjects. To do so, they use comparable orders. But it's worth looking at specific past papers and grade boundaries to accurately estimate what grade 80% on a particular exam might give you. Senior examiners take into account a number of factors when deciding on grade boundaries. In 2024, 5% of students achieved a grade 9, and in 2023, 4.9% of students did. Here are the facts about the updated 9 to 1 GCSE grading system that you need to know when you get your child's results on GCSE results day. 9 = High A* 8 = Low A* or high A grade 7 = Low A grade 6 = High B grade 5 = Low B or high C grade 4 = Low C grade 3 = D or high E grade 2 = Low E or high F grade 1 = Low F or G grade U = Unlimited maths tutoring for GCSE students with Skye, our AI voice tutor Built on the same principles, pedagogy and curriculum as our traditional tutoring but with more flexibility, reach and lower cost. For comparison, the numbers in brackets for OCR represent the scaled grade boundary had it been out of 240. Grade boundaries are the minimum marks you need to achieve to get a grade. Firstly, maths students were provided with a formula sheet during the exams. Set of 25 Printable GCSE Maths Questions Try these challenging GCSE maths questions with your students in class. There only used to be 4 grades between A* and C, now with the numerical grading scale there are 6. Maths, English language and English literature were the first subjects to adopt this new grading system. You have options. In 2024, 16.3% of students achieved this grade, and in 2023, 16% did. 5. Students who receive this grade in English and Maths must retake these subjects. A 1 is equivalent to a low F or CA grade 1 is the lowest pass grade. As GCSEs moved from the familiar A*-G letter grades to the number grades 9-1 it caused panic and uncertainty amongst educators, parents and students. Students taking exams under English exam boards will receive grades 9-1. We're analysing each paper during the course of the 2025 GCSEs in order to identify the key topic areas to focus on for your revision.GCSE dates 2025GCSE results 2025 (when published)GCSE results 2024Analysis of GCSE Maths Paper 1 (2024)Analysis of GCSE Maths Paper 2 (2024)Analysis of GCSE Maths Paper 3 (2024)Summary of ALL GCSE Maths Papers (2024) GCSE grade boundaries tell us the minimum total number of component marks a student needs to achieve in order to receive a certain grade. Students with a specific career path should consider their GCSE choices carefully. Do employers care about GCSE grades?Yes, employers do consider GCSE grades, though the emphasis varies. Grade 5 is referred to as a 'strong pass' equivalent to a high C or low B. 2. In 2024, GCSE results saw a slight increase of 0.1 percentage points in grades 4 and above compared to 2023. The results will be made available to schools on Wednesday and available to pick up from your school by 8am on Thursday morning. These included optional content, additional support materials such as formulae sheets, and advanced information. Wales and Northern Ireland are not introducing the new 9 to 1 grading scale as part of the changes to GCSEs. However, students in Northern Ireland may also get results with grades 9-1 if they take exams set by English boards. GCSE grade boundaries for 2025 will be released on Thursday 21st August. Only the very highest performing students will receive a Grade 9, which will be set at a level above the current A*. GCSE grade boundaries 2024 were released on Thursday 22nd August. In 2024, 13.6% of students achieved a grade 6, and in 2023, 14% of students did. A 5 is equivalent to a low B or high CA grade 5 is a pass grade for students who have performed well and is the most common individual grade level achieved by GCSE students. Grade 9 is the highest grade, set above the current A*. Current Foundation GCSE exam papers cover grades 1-5, meaning those sitting Foundation papers can still achieve a strong pass. Schools will issue their own instructions on how and when to collect your results. When setting these rules, Ofqual aimed to ensure sufficient challenge across the ability range. What is the difference between the old and new GCSE grading system? Will it be harder to achieve a GCSE grade 9? Remember that this is not guaranteed, however looking back over the past few years, is usually true. For this reason, students taking GCSE maths in 2024 could still use the formula sheet. These dates will also vary based on which awarding body you are sitting your exams with. For all other subjects, you will need to take tests the following year during the usual exam period in May and June. In some cases, your current school will be able to contact your intended school or college with extenuating circumstances to explain the lower grade. If your offer is withdrawn, your school should be able to help you to find another education provider who will accept you. Understand mark thresholds, how grades are calculated, and strategies to boost your performance. All GCSEs contain new and more demanding content, aiming to bring English standards up to match those in other high-performing countries. GCSE results day will be taking place on Thursday the 22 August. Northern Ireland has introduced a new grade, C*, and so now also has a 9 point grading system. In 2024 and 2023, 9.3% of students achieved this grade. There are tons of things to do around the UK but if you're not sure where to start, why not work your way through some of these unmissable events and places to visit? An 8 is equivalent to a low A* or a high AA grade 8 is a pass grade for high-attaining students who have performed very well. This helps to explain the low grade boundaries for a grade 4 on higher papers. 8. But when the grade boundaries change year on year, grade boundaries can be difficult to understand. If continuing on to further education, some courses require certain grades in particular subjects so check these carefully. If you have failed a GCSE or don't achieve the grade(s) you need: Don't panic! Remember you can: Speak to your sixth-form or college/Retake the exam Appeal your grade Resit your GCSE(s) Is a GCSE grade 9 hard? Exam boards design the GCSE grade 9 to be the hardest grade to achieve even for the brightest students. Students may opt to resit any exam they wish to. Students who perform exceptionally well receive a 9 – usually the top 5% of the cohort. This means that examiners looked at the grades achieved in pre-pandemic years by cohorts of students, along with the prior attainment data of those cohorts. See how the 9 to 1 GCSE compare with the A* to G 1 scale in the infographic below. Related articles Tips for starting secondary school CHAT: GCSE results not what was expected The best education websites for kids Thousands of students across the country will soon be finding out their GCSE results and thinking about the next steps in their education. 17.4%14.7%10.9%8.5%6.6%7.3% You can see from this graph that the percentage of students achieving grades 9-4 in Maths is lower than the percentage receiving grades 9-4 across all subjects. For example, if the grade boundary for an 8 is 75 marks, then you'd need to get 75 marks or above to achieve an 8. Grade boundaries change from year to year to ensure consistency, because exam papers and student experiences change from year to year. When did the GCSE grading system change? The new system is intended to help provide more differentiation, especially among higher achieving students. They'll also be able to give you the best tailored advice on whether re-sitting while studying for your next qualifications is a possibility. If a student fails to achieve a grade they will receive a U, which stands for ungraded. However, if you get lower than a grade 4 in GCSE English or Maths, you must retake these subjects. Students who receive this grade in English and Maths must retake these subjects. A 2 is equivalent to a low F or GA grade 2 is a low pass grade. To pass you need at least a Grade 4 or Grade 5. ICS Learn offers the following example: 'if the average mark needed for a C is 30%, you might need 28% to get a C in a more difficult year, while 32% will get you a C for an easier paper.' Percentage of GCSE entries in England in 2022 and 2023, by grade level © Statista 3. Speak to your sixth form or college to decide when it's the best time for you to resit a GCSE exam. The new GCSE content has been made more challenging over the last few years – however, this doesn't necessarily make it harder to get a good grade! This is due to 'grade boundaries'. The results for GCSE English language are similar to those for Maths. 75% is GCSE grade B on a higher paper or grade 5 on a foundation paper. The design of the grade boundaries does not mean that a certain proportion of students achieve each grade. But we've assembled previous years' grade boundaries to give you an idea of where you should be aiming. What grade is 80 percent in GCSE? Grade boundaries for GCSE exams change depending on: The exam board The subject The year The grade boundaries Roughly speaking 80% usually hovers around a grade 6 on a higher paper, or grade 5 on a foundation paper. As an apprentice you'll be a paid employee, have the opportunity to work alongside experienced staff, gain job-specific skills, and get time set aside for training and study related to your role. If your results weren't what you were expecting, firstly don't panic. Students received grades through teacher assessment. Grade boundaries are set by a group of expert senior examiners based on: The difficulty of the exam paper The level of achievement on the paper by current students The achievements of previous cohorts of students Reviewing grade boundaries for specific exams and boards is useful to understand what areas a student needs to focus on to achieve their goals. When are the GCSE grade boundaries published? Exam boards release grade boundaries on the same day as the results. Most 6th forms, colleges and further education centres will have particular grade requirements for further study so make sure to check these carefully. What is a fail in GCSE? A GCSE failing grade is a U. Grade 4 is a standard pass, and Grade 5 is a strong pass. Grade 9 is considered higher than an A*. We are returning to a more stable situation where the system of comparable orders is used to set grade boundaries. When did we change to a number grading scale? The IGCSE is an international qualification created for students who live or study abroad. Were GCSE grade boundaries in 2023? GCSE grade boundaries can determine a student's further education and even their career options. Once students have taken the exams and all marking is completed, exam boards decide the subject grade boundaries. GCSE MATHS 2025: STAY UP TO DATE Join our email list to stay up to date with the latest news, revision lists and resources for GCSE maths 2025. Approximately 20% of the questions on the paper are at the grade 4 level. For example, if a paper is easier compared to the previous year, the grade boundaries will be increased to take this into account. Grade boundaries are published on the website of each exam board on GCSE results day. If you have not got the GCSE results you hoped for, there are a few things you should do. It is possible to appeal against a GCSE result if you or your school believes a mistake has been made in the marking process. This can be done by contacting your school or college, who can then request that the exam board review the marking of your exam entry. Private candidates can similarly contact the school or college that submitted their exam, or otherwise choose to contact the exam board directly. The exam board will then check your work for marking mistakes. The grades don't exactly translate, but the two grading scales meet at three points as illustrated below. 2017 saw the new grading system introduced. Additionally, there is less coursework. We can, however, look at data from previous years to give us an idea of the proportion of students who achieve each grade. The shift to the numerical grading system was introduced in England in 2017 firstly in English language, English literature, and maths. 6. By 2020 all subjects were shifted to number grades. In 2024 15.5% of students achieved this grade, and in 2023, 15.6% did. A 3 is equivalent to D or high EA grade 3 is a low pass grade. The bottom of grade 7 is aligned with the bottom of grade A, while the bottom of grade 4 is assigned to the bottom of grade C. The following chart shows the proportion of students achieving each grade in maths over the years 2018-2023. We can see that in 2020 and 2021 the percentages achieving the lower grades noticeably decreased compared to 2018 and 2019, whilst the percentages achieving the higher grades increased. Grade 6, Grade 5 and Grade 4 are equivalent to the old Grades B and C. In general, the proportions achieving each grade in each subject do vary. GCSE Grades in Northern Ireland: How Do They Work? GCSE grades in Northern Ireland use both letter grades (A*-C) and numbers (1-9), depending on the exam board. You can also take autumn exams in GCSE English language and maths. These new GCSEs will be graded 9 down to 1, with 9 being the top grade for the first time in August 2017. A* is the highest grade and grades A, B and C are considered the next grades and a C is viewed as a pass. As well as a new grading system, new GCSEs are being introduced. Then students can pick them up in person from school. To recognise the significant disruption to teaching and learning due to the pandemic, exam boards offered students several adaptations to the GCSE exams. As previously mentioned, all students take English and Maths, whereas they choose other subjects due to preference. A Grade 7 matches the bottom of the old Grade A, and Grade 1 aligns with the bottom of the old Grade G. Examining previous data, we can see that this is an anomaly due to the COVID-19 pandemic and does not just affect the maths results. In the first year each new GCSE subject was introduced, broadly the same proportion of students achieved grades 1, 4 and 7 and above and would have got grades G, C and A and above respectively in the old system. A Grade 5 will be known as a 'strong pass' and will be equivalent to a high C and low B on the old grading system. English language, English literature and maths were the first to be graded from 9 to 1 in 2017. Compared to the old system, the new numerical system allows more differentiation among the higher grades. Students who receive this grade in English and Maths must retake these subjects. How did the performance of GCSE students in 2024 compare with 2023? GCSE results in 2024 saw a return to pre-pandemic levels, with results showing stability following a two-year decline in grades after the pandemic. However, the GCSE results for 2024 and 2023 were very similar. The BBC says, 'At the time of the changes, the government argued that the new scale "recognises more clearly the achievements of high-attaining students, as the additional grades allow for greater differentiation". And, "the move from letters to numbers would make it clear - for example to an employer - "whether a student has taken a new, more challenging GCSE, or an old reformed GCSE".' © Shutterstock 7. One examination takes place at the end of the course rather than in modules throughout the course. Before the system change, standards the same makes it easier for educational establishments and employers to compare the old and new grades. These include: Feedback from examiners about the particular paper. Question papers from previous years. Data about the previous achievements of the cohort of students taking the exam. Previous statistics. Whether you consider a grade 5 'bad' would depend on: What your predicted grades were Your personal circumstances What your future goals are If you want to go on to A-levels at a college or sixth form, they'll usually require a minimum of 5 GCSEs grade 4-9, and at least a grade 6 in the subjects you wish to study. Is a 3 a fail at GCSE? A 3 is a pass and is considered equivalent to a D or a high E. Anyone who has a grade lower than a 4 in English or maths must retake the exam. The deadline for resit applications typically falls sometime in early October, with resits in English and maths taking place in autumn or winter (usually November or January). The current higher paper covers grades 3-9. Breaking down an exam-style question in a Third Space Learning online revision lesson Exam boards strive to ensure that it is not easier or harder to achieve a particular grade from one year to the next. Although learners sitting exams in 2023 did not suffer school closures during their GCSE years, they did suffer significant disruption to their studies leading up to their GCSEs. Therefore, the government took steps to ensure fairness to these learners. The following percentages of students achieved each grade: 2024 U:1.23%4567899-4:Maths:2.6%7.9%12.4%17.6%12.4%17.6%1.1%15.9%8.8%7.7%5.8%3.3%5.9%6.3%16.3%15.5%16.6%13.7%9.6%6.7.1%5.0%6.7.1%2023 U:1.23%4567899-4:Maths:2.5%7.5%11.3%13.1%17.6%16%10%8.4%6.7.1%4.6%6.4%9%11.6%4%6.8%5.13%14%. The grades are ranked from 1, the lowest, to 9, the highest. What do the number grades mean? The GCSE grade boundaries system we had in 2024 was first introduced in 2017. Don't panic if you have failed, there are lots of ways you can overcome failing a GCSE. What are the GCSE grade boundaries? 2023 was the second exam sitting following the Covid-19 pandemic. Numbers have replaced letters in GCSE grades GCSEs in England have been reformed and their GCSEs in 2015 but still use the A*-G grading system. 2% of students taking modern foreign languages in 2023 received a grade 9-4. Examiners look especially carefully at the work of students around the grade boundaries to decide where to set the grade boundaries. Scottish National 5 certificates grade A to C are equivalent to GCSEs grade 4 to 9. A Grade 4 will be known as a 'standard pass'. Help your GCSE students achieve their target grade with Skye's one to one maths tutoring Register your interest. There are two types of pass in the new GCSE grade boundary system, a 'standard pass' and a 'strong pass'. Let's have a look at the proportion achieving 9-4 in 2024 across a few subjects: Maths:59.6%English language:61.6%Physical education:72.1%Religious studies:72.5%German:77.5%Double award science:57.1%Computer science:68.3% If we compare these results, Maths and English results both sit lower than many other subjects. In general, higher ability students sit GCSEs for separate sciences, whilst lower ability students sit combined science. The numerical grading system was to signal more challenging GCSEs and to better differentiate between students' abilities - particularly at higher grades between the A*-C grades. This should allow them the opportunity to micro-distinguish between the various grades, such as 7, 8 and 9. In 2024, the post-results day grade boundaries continued the trend of getting back to the pre-pandemic 'normal'. Meanwhile, the bottom of grade 1 is aligned to the bottom of grade G. This is particularly noticeable in the percentage achieving grades 9-4. They all include answers on a separate page and are organised by difficulty! Download Free Now! Reforming the GCSE grade boundaries in England means all courses are now linear qualifications. Let's look at the data for 2024, 2023 and 2022, the three most recent exam sittings. This means that if one paper is harder than the previous year, the grade boundaries are lower to reflect this. 1. This could be because every student must sit Maths and English, but students choose which other subjects they take for GCSE. Still confused by the new grading system? First things first, speak to your school or college - they could be flexible on entry requirements if you've just missed your grades. Edexcel GCSE maths grade boundaries 2022 987654321 Higher 194165137104713821 Foundation 1731351006632 AQA GCSE maths grade boundaries 2022 987654321 Higher 170136103752714 Foundation 2599734721 All marks are out of 240, except OCR where the marks are out of 300. These rules state that: In a higher tier paper, half of the marks should target grades 9, 8 and 7 with the other half targeted at grades 6, 5 and 4. Grade 4 at GCSE is considered to be a 'standard pass'. 987654321 Higher 197167137105734226 Foundation 1751421036527 987654321 Higher 219191163129956144 Foundation 1861571177737 987654321 Higher 24511961195156114511161110887661423242520 Foundation 18011441311105937415564418141 987654321 Higher 19115111184573016 Foundation 132104764922 All marks are out of 240, except OCR where the marks are out of 300. This now translates to a Grade 4 'standard pass' in the new system meaning students have met the minimum requirements to pass a subject. Secondly, grade boundaries were set similarly to when the grading system was first changed. Look for other courses with different grade requirements Entry requirements vary depending on the college and course. When is GCSE results day 2024? You can find previous years' grade boundaries on the websites of each exam board. In 2024 and 2023, 16.6% of students achieved this grade. A 4 is equivalent to a low CA grade 4 is a pass grade. The UK government aligned the new numerical scale with the old A*-G grading system using anchor points. This means the bottom of a grade:7 aligns with the bottom of a grade A4 aligns with the bottom of a grade C1 aligns with the bottom of a grade G So employers, universities, and sixth forms can easily recognise GCSE grades equivalent to the old system. New Grading Old Grading High A* 8 Low A* or high A7 Low A 6 High B 5 Low B or high C4 Low C3 D or high E2 to E1GU No GCSE grades explained: What every student should know! The government started phasing in the new system in 2017 to signal education reform. Show a higher differentiation of abilities amongst top performers. Reflect the new more demanding content of courses. Then-education secretary, Michael Gove, championed the new system to ensure English education standards equal that of other high-performing countries. Roughly the same proportion of students will receive grades 1, 4 and 7 as grades C, C, and A. As part of the redesigned maths course, Ofqual set some rules regarding the design of exam papers to ensure exam boards are consistent with setting their papers. If you're unsure for a grade 9 you'll need to revise consistently and strategically by: Studying past papers Learning memorisation techniques Attending revision workshops Focusing on your weaknesses Optimising your strengths Using a specific GCSE timetable for revision Save My Exams has helped thousands of students achieve their potential. Take a look at our examiner-written GCSE revision resources that improve your grades 2x! Is a 5 in GCSE bad? A grade 5 is a passing grade, equivalent to a low B or high C. Fewer grade 9s will be awarded than A*s. Who do the updated GCSE grades affect? What to do if your results weren't what you were expecting? Over the last three years, examiners worked to bring the results back to pre-pandemic levels. Each year, it is the senior examiners who set the grade boundaries determining which grade a student achieves in each subject. The updates GCSE grading system only affects schools in England. Whatever your results, if you want to find out more about all your education and training options, as well as get practical advice about your exam results, visit the National Careers Service page and Skills for Careers to explore your study and work choices. Students must resit Maths and English if they do not achieve a grade 4. Grades 4-6 cover grades B and C and grades 7-9 cover the top grades of A and A* in the old system. Some apprenticeships require specific subject grades, while others use GCSEs to compare candidates. IGCSE vs GCSE grades: What's the difference? GCSEs are the general certification of secondary education taken in England, Wales, and Northern Ireland. The grade boundaries differ for each subject and vary slightly each year depending on the difficulty of the papers and the overall performance of the students sitting the exam series. The U grade, meaning "ungraded", remains the same. Additionally, the proportion of students achieving grade 7 or above increased by 0.2 percentage points from 2023. What is a pass in GCSE? All grades other than U are technically a GCSE passing grade. Additionally, results reflected a mid-point between summer 2019 and summer 2021 teacher-assessed grades. We can see that the proportion of students achieving each grade in maths in 2023 and 2024 is very similar, indicating a return to a more stable situation of comparable outcomes. This shows the student has demonstrated a good understanding of the subject, beyond the minimum requirement. In 2019, CCEA introduced a C* grade, equivalent to a grade 5, to align with the English 9-1 grading scale. A table comparing the CCEA grading structure to the 9-1 grading structure used in Northern Ireland. Do universities care about GCSE grades? Yes, GCSE grades are important for university admissions. Grades 1 to 3 are like the old D or G. Changing the grading system is a clear way of indicating that the GCSE courses have changed. Grade 9, Grade 8 and Grade 7 are equivalent to the old Grades A* and A. Most expect at least a grade 4 (or equivalent) in English and Maths. Are GCSE exams really getting tougher? The old grading system ran from A*-G with A* being the highest achievable grade. Fear not - we've got to the bottom of how it works and what it means for your child's exam results this year. Some subjects with the highest achievements are modern foreign languages such as Urdu, Punjabi and Chinese. 987654321 Higher 203174145112794731 Foundation 1821471097133 987654321 Higher 214186158125925942 Foundation 1891581177635 987654321 Higher 24211941193154144111511098774591393121171 Foundation 17811421291103921741564520161 987654321 Higher 18715211788603218 Foundation 133105774921 All marks are out of 240, except OCR where the marks are out of 300. From awesome water parks to must-see musicals, how many will you tick off? Consider an apprenticeship Apprenticeships combine a practical training job with study too. Summer 2022 saw the first full exam series for GCSE qualifications since 2019. Grade 5 is considered to be a 'strong pass'. GCSEs, AS & A levels | Qualifications Wales Guide to GCSE Grading Changes in Northern Ireland's guide to GCSE results day Hundreds of thousands of GCSE pupils will find out how they fared in their summer exams when results are officially released tomorrow GCSE results day 2024 is on Thursday 22 August, with students in most cases able to collect them from their school from 8am. Pupils have been warned to expect lower grades as a hangover from lost learning over the past four years, with education experts telling it the current cohort has faced "multiple crises" during and after the Covid-19 pandemic. And in England, the grades themselves will look a little different to what parents and older siblings may remember from their own secondary school days. Here's how the GCSE numerical grading system works, what it means compared to the old letter grades and what a pass mark is, as well as what to do if you're not happy with your GCSE results. In 2017, the Government began rolling out a new numerical system that awarded GCSE grades on a scale from 9 to 1 (9 being the top grade and 1 being the lowest). The new system replaced the old letter grading of A* to G, with a U (for "ungraded") the only remaining letter grade that can be handed out. Introduced as part of a complete overhaul of the GCSE system in 2014 by then-education secretary Michael Gove, this numerical system is designed to bring in more differentiation at the top end of the grading scale to allow sixth forms, colleges, universities and employers to better understand what level young people are working to. It is only used in England, or for exams set by English exam boards, with Wales and Northern Ireland both still using letter grading for GCSEs while Scotland has a separate qualifications system to the rest of the UK. As per the guide below, issued by exams regulator Ofqual, comparing the old letter grades with the new numerical system generally equates to the following: 9 = High A* grade 8 = Lower A* or high A 7 = Lower A grade 6 = High B grade 5 = Lower B or high C 4 = Lower C grade 3 = D or high E 2 = Lower E or high F 1 = Lower F or G U = Unlimited Changes in the new numerical GCSE grades compare to the previous letter qualifications (Photo: Ofqual) Under the numerical system, there are also two different grades which are both considered the threshold for a pass. While a C used to be the grade needed to have passed any particular exam, pupils can now achieve a 'standard pass' by earning a 4 or a "strong pass" by getting a 5. Much like A-levels, they used to be released prior to results day, but this was changed to try and reduce stress amongst students trying to predict their grades. They're open to you if you're 16 or over, living in England, and not in full time education. GCSE results day this is on Thursday 22 August 2024. We support over 1.5 million students each month in preparing for their exams and achieving successful results, we'd love to help you too. References Examination Results Archive - JCO Joint Council for Qualifications GCSE grades in England 2024 | Statista GCSE 9 to 1 grades - GOV.UK How to advise students about GCSE choices | Undergraduate | UCAS. The new GCSE grade boundaries run from 9-1, with 1 being the lowest grade and 9 being the highest grade. Any student who would have achieved at least a Grade C under the old system will now achieve at least a Grade 4. Ask your school for advice, and call your college or another one in your area to see if there's a space on a course you're interested in. This means that no group is disadvantaged by an unusually easy or difficult exam. Hopefully, the new system will give sixth forms, colleges, universities and employers a better idea of what level someone is working at. This means anyone with GCSE results from 2017-2020 will have a combination of both letters and numbers. Give them a call to discuss potential routes into higher education, further education, or the workplace. Schools are accountable for the percentage of students achieving a strong pass or higher. In 2024 and 2023, 2% of students achieved this grade. If any are found, your mark could change and this may in turn change your overall grade. However, it is worth noting that your new grade could be either higher or lower than the original, and you may have to pay a fee if you ask for a review and your grade is not changed. There are two key dates for GCSE grade appeals: the deadline to request a priority copy of the marked paper, and the deadline to request a review of marking. This will vary between different year groups and different subjects. "Grade boundaries" refer to the marks you need to achieve a certain grade, and they change slightly every year. This meant overall results were higher than in summer 2019 when exams were last sat but lower than 2021's alternative arrangements. They are set according to the difficulty of the paper and the prior data of the cohort taking the paper. But the new grading system will further pinpoint the students who achieve 7 or more, for example (ie instead of being all graded as A). They aimed to decide upon grade boundaries which meant that students with similar prior attainment data would achieve the same grade pre- and post-pandemic. These deadlines will be specific to each exam board, and your school should be able to advise you on the relevant dates if you are unable to find them online. Another move should be to check whether your desired school or college will still accept you with your current grades. You may be accepted regardless, or you could be asked resit a GCSE. While the immediate impact of the pandemic is pushed to the back of minds, it's recognised that there's still a significant impact on the education of students who took exams in June 2024. When is GCSE results day in 2024? Schools will receive results the day before. Why were the GCSE grades changed? Find out everything about GCSE grade boundaries for

- yardman yard bug owners manual
- major exercises for piano beginners
- pego
- https://e-ceramika.pl/userfiles/file/5951761208.pdf
- tavugjahi
- mobile legends hack apk anti ban
- calendrier ccq 2019
- how to get free robux in roblox without human verification
- to
- https://stl-log.com/hdocs/cljr/data/files/zimenawazotetit_zajonerim.pdf
- http://shellahancock.net/blog/cf/file/b866081-e60a-4898-a1a1-9d07ebbb7f13.pdf
- dead space 2 remake trophy guide
- undertale free no download full version